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(54) Title: **Device for treating cellulitis**

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(57) Abstract:

A massage device comprising at least one arcuate support provided with a plurality of adjacent rollers, wherein each roller is constrained to the arcuate support in a certain position and is further adapted to rotate about an axis belonging to a plane substantially parallel to the tangential plane to the profile of the arcuate support at said certain position, and each roller of said plurality of rollers is convergent or divergent with respect to the immediately adjacent roller.

FORM 2

THE PATENTS ACT, 1970
(39 of 1970)
AND
THE PATENTS RULES, 2003

**COMPLETE
SPECIFICATION**

(See section 10; rule 13)

TITLE OF THE INVENTION
“DEVICE FOR TREATING CELLULITIS”

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The following specification particularly describes
the invention and the manner in which
it is to be performed

DEVICE FOR TREATING CELLULITIS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a device for treating cellulitis.

In particular, the present invention relates to a device which can be
5 used by an operator or by the subject of the treatment to massage the
body parts affected by the presence of cellulitis.

BACKGROUND ART

Cellulitis (edematofibrosclerotic panniculopathy) is a degenerative
disorder of the subcutaneous adipose tissue (called panniculus
10 adiposus) which occurs with visible hollows or holes on the skin which
give a so-called "orange peel" appearance. If blood and lymphatic
circulation do not work properly, the tissue fat cells go into
distress and tend to break, pouring their content into the space
between the cells and recalling an excess of water which ultimately
15 causes the "orange peel" surface deformation of the cellulitis-
affected skin.

Cellulitis-treating devices are known, which can be used by an
operator or by the subject of the treatment to combat the
imperfections caused by the presence of cellulitis.

20 A known type of such devices has a frame on which there are fitted
rollers adapted to slide on the part to be treated by exerting a
massaging effect.

Sometimes, the rollers have a shape provided with relief elements on
their outer surface, said relief elements being adapted to come into
25 contact with the part to be treated and to exert a certain
appropriately localized pressure.

The rollers can be arranged in groups of juxtaposed rollers wherein
the rotation axes of the rollers belonging to each group of rollers
are oriented so that said rollers can cooperate in exerting the
30 required pressure on the part to be treated.

For example, the rollers can be arranged on curved or bendable
supports to exert a pressure substantially normal to the surface of
the part on which they slide. These curved supports can be of

different sizes or flexible and configurable to be adapted to the various body parts requiring treatment.

It is the object of the present invention to suggest a device for treating cellulitis which allows cellulitis to be treated more completely and effectively than similar devices of the prior art.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Such an object is accomplished by a device for treating cellulitis having a plurality of massaging rollers configured to cooperate for exerting the required pressure on the part to be treated and to properly tighten the treated part with a "pinching" effect, very beneficial in combating cellulitis as it favors the expulsion of excess water retained in the tissue.

In a preferred embodiment, the massage device according to the present specification comprises one or two arcuate supports hinged at one end so that the concave profiles of said two supports face each other. Each of said supports comprises a plurality of adjacent rollers, each roller of said plurality of rollers is, in turn, constrained to one of said two supports in a determined position by, for example, two supports fixed to said support and adapted to accommodate the ends of the rotation axis of the corresponding roller. Each roller, therefore, is adapted to rotate about an axis belonging to a plane substantially parallel to the tangential plane to the support profile at the position in which the roller is located, moreover each roller of said plurality of rollers is arranged to be convergent or divergent with respect to the immediately adjacent roller. Thereby, the massaging rollers are configured to cooperate to exert the required pressure on the part to be treated and, moreover, to properly tighten the treated part with a "pinching" effect, very beneficial in favoring the expulsion of the excess water retained in the tissue, the ultimate cellulitis cause.

Therefore, the benefit of this embodiment, consists in that the rollers of the device work to lift, release and then stretch the skin of the part to be treated, with beneficial crushing effects of

subcutaneous fat accumulations, expulsion of excess water, and stimulation of blood circulation.

In fact, practically, the rollers do not rotate parallel to the sliding direction of the device, but convergently or divergently rotate therebetween causing the skin to move in different and alternating manners.

For example, the rollers arranged with a convergent mutual inclination are such as to allow a massage tending to achieve a "pinching" pressure on the skin of the treated part, while the rollers belonging to some pairs of rollers of the device are arranged with a divergent mutual inclination and such as to allow a massage tending to stretch the skin of the treated part.

It is therefore possible to get at the same time both a massage compressing "pinching" the treated skin, and a massage stretching the treated skin, sliding the device on the part to be treated.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Further features and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the reading of the following specification given as a non-limiting example, with the aid of the figures shown in the accompanying drawings, wherein:

- Figure 1 shows a plan view of a device for treating cellulitis, according to an embodiment of the present invention;
- Figure 2 shows a plan view of a device for treating cellulitis, according to another embodiment of the present invention;
- Figures 3, 4 and 5 depict a side view, a rear view and a front view of the device in Figure 2, respectively;
- Figures 6 and 7 depict two different views of the device in Figure 2;
- Figures 8 and 9 depict two further variants of the device according to the invention; and
- Figures 10-12 depict further different variants of the rollers which are applicable to the device according to the invention.

The following description of exemplary embodiments refers to the

accompanying drawings. The same reference numbers in different drawings identify the same or similar elements. The following detailed description does not limit the invention. The scope of the invention is defined by the appended claims.

5 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The massage devices used for treating cellulitis generally comprise a plurality of rollers fixed to a support and which are free to rotate about their own axis when the support is moved and pressed on the part to be treated.

10 In these devices, the rollers can be arranged in groups of juxtaposed rollers with the rotation axes of the rollers oriented so that said rollers can cooperate in exerting the required pressure on the part to be treated. The rollers are often anchored on curved or bendable supports to exert a pressure which is substantially normal to the
15 surface of the part on which they slide. These curved supports can be of different sizes or flexible and configurable to be adapted to the various body parts requiring treatment. This sort of devices can exert only one type of pressure and are effective only in exerting one type of action and pressure on the part to be treated. The device according
20 to the present specification allows obtaining the exertion of different types of pressure making the provided treatment more complete, effective, and beneficial.

The appended Figures 1 and 2 show plan views of a device for treating cellulitis, according to embodiments of the present invention, device
25 globally indicated with the reference numeral 10.

The device 10 for treating cellulitis of the invention according to Figure 2 has a frame on which rollers 30 are mounted adapted to slide on the skin to be treated. In this preferred embodiment the frame comprises two arcuate supports 12, 14 hinged at one end so that the
30 concave profiles of said two supports face each other, in other embodiments of the present specification only one arcuate and moderately flexible support can be present in order to adapt to different anatomical parts to be treated.

Each of said supports 12, 14 comprises a plurality of adjacent rollers 30, each roller 30 of said plurality of rollers is in turn bound to one of said supports in a given position by, for example, two supports 33 fixed to said support and adapted to accommodate the ends of the rotation axis of the corresponding roller.

Each roller 30 is adapted to rotate about an axis belonging to a plane substantially parallel to the tangential plane to the support profile 12, 14 at the position wherein said roller is located, moreover, each roller 30 of said plurality of rollers is arranged so as to be convergent or divergent with respect to the immediately adjacent roller.

In the device 10 shown in Figure 2, the frame is divided in two arcuate supports hinged to an end so that the concave profiles of said two supports face each other. The hinge 20 connecting the two supports 12, 14 allows the mutual approaching or detaching thereof and provides the possibility of adapting the device to the various anatomical parts to be treated, arms, legs, hips, glutes.

Advantageously, each of the supports 12, 14 has a handle 16, 18 allowing an easy and comfortable grip thereof.

Figures 3, 4 and 5 depict a side view, a rear view and a front view of the device in Figure 2, respectively, while Figures 5 and 6 depict two different axonometric views of the device in Figure 2.

In the preferred embodiments shown in Figures 1-7, each of the aforesaid rollers 30 has a plurality of pins 32 on their outer surface. The pins can be made of materials of different hardness, according to the applications. Materials of common use for rollers 30 and pins 32 thereof can be made of plastic materials or natural or synthetic rubber or light metal materials. The supports 12, 14 can be made of plastic or light metal materials.

In the examples in Figures 1 and 2, each of the illustrated supports 12, 14 comprises 7 rollers and, during use, makes 6 combined actions on the part to be treated, of which three of compression and three of stretching.

Adding to these actions those actions caused by the rollers placed on the opposite half-frame, a total of 12 actions exerted by the device 10 is obtained.

The examples of the device according to the present specification shown in Figures 1 and 2 show that two convergent adjacent rollers, 5 rotating with a certain pressure given by the user, start to engage with the skin of the part to be treated, by means of the rubber pins 32, when said rollers during their convergent rotation have the ends of their contact surfaces spaced from each other by about 2.5 cm. When 10 the rollers 30 and the pins 32 thereof release the skin, the ends of their contact surfaces are spaced from each other by about 1 cm.

This process causes the displacement of the treated skin toward the conjunction of the rollers, creating a pinching or squeezing or kneading type massage.

15 Other couples of divergent adjacent rollers cause, instead, an effect contrary to the one described above *i.e.*, they tend to extend and stretch the skin of the part to be treated because, when the rubber pins 32 placed on the surface of the rollers start to engage with the skin, the ends of their contact surfaces are spaced from each other by 20 about 1 cm and, turning in a divergent direction, they drag the underlying skin therewith thus causing a traction or a stretching thereof until the release occurring at a distance between the ends of the contact surfaces of the rollers is of about 2.5 cm.

The greater the convergence or divergence between the adjacent rollers 25 30, the greater the pinching effect will be (or kneading or stretching effect); *vice versa* lower convergences or divergences will be less effective on the skin.

Further, the greater is the diameter of the rollers, the greater will be the effect of the kneading or stretching massage despite the 30 constant angle between the bases of the two rollers.

Preferably, the diameter of the rollers 30 is within the range between 10 mm and 80 mm.

Obviously, the greater is the diameter of the rollers and less rollers

will be possible to insert on a device resulting in a decrease in the number of simultaneous actions.

In a preferred embodiment, in the device 10, each of the supports 12, 14 has an arcuate shape.

5 The oval shape of the closed device 10 has been designed to easily massage both the part of the leg just above the knee, and the part reaching below the gluteus.

Due to the presence of the hinge 20, the device 10 can be used, open, also on the two glutes simultaneously.

10 Figures 7 and 8 depict two further variants of the device according to the invention, differing from the variant of the Figure 1-5 also for the presence of the rollers 30' which are cylindrical and pin-free on their surface.

Figure 9-11 depict further different variants of the rollers which are
15 applicable to the device according to the invention which present superficial grooves 302, 312, 322 instead the aforesaid pins 32, exerting a similar action than that of said pins 32.

These variants can be made by means of removable covers to be applied to smooth cylindrical rollers.

20 These variants can have almost cylindrical 312, almost ellipsoidal 302 or almost spherical 322 shapes.

Obviously, the invention as described may be subjected to modifications or improvements dictated by contingent or particular needs, without departing from the scope of the invention.

25

WE CLAIM:

1. A massage device (10) comprising two arcuate supports (12, 14) hinged at one end so that the concavities of said two supports face each other, comprising a plurality of adjacent rollers (30), each roller (30) of said plurality of rollers being constrained to said one of the two arcuate supports (12, 14) in a certain position and being further adapted to rotate about a rotation axis belonging to a plane parallel to the tangential plane to the profile of said two arcuate supports (12, 14) at said certain position, characterized in that the rotation axis of each roller (30) of said plurality of rollers is inclined with respect to a radial plane of said arcuate supports (12, 14) and crossing the radial plane of said arcuate supports, with an opposite inclination with respect to the inclination of the rotation axis of the adjacent rollers.

2. The massage device as claimed in claim 1, wherein said arcuate support (12, 14) comprises a handle (16, 18).

3. The massage device as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein said rollers (30) comprise a plurality of pins (32) made of a flexible material on the outer surface thereof.

4. The massage device as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein said rollers (30) comprise a plurality of grooves (302, 312, 322) on the outer surface thereof.

5. The massage device as claimed in one of the preceding claims, wherein the diameter of said rollers (30) is between 10 mm and 80 mm.

6. The massage device as claimed in one of the preceding claims, wherein said rollers (30) and said pins (32) are made of materials selected from the group comprising plastic materials, natural rubber, synthetic rubber, metal materials.

7. The massage device as claimed in one of the preceding claims, wherein said supports (12, 14) are made of materials selected from the group comprising plastic materials and metal materials.

Dated this 21 day of June 2022

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ABSTRACT

Patent Application No. 202247035589

DEVICE FOR TREATING CELLULITIS

A massage device comprising at least one arcuate support provided with a plurality of adjacent rollers, wherein each roller is constrained to the arcuate support in a certain position and is further adapted to rotate about an axis belonging to a plane substantially parallel to the tangential plane to the profile of the arcuate support at said certain position, and each roller of said plurality of rollers is convergent or divergent with respect to the immediately adjacent roller.

[Figure 2]

Digitally Signed By:

MR.D.JAYASEELAN SOLOMON

Date: 20-02-2026 15:25:40

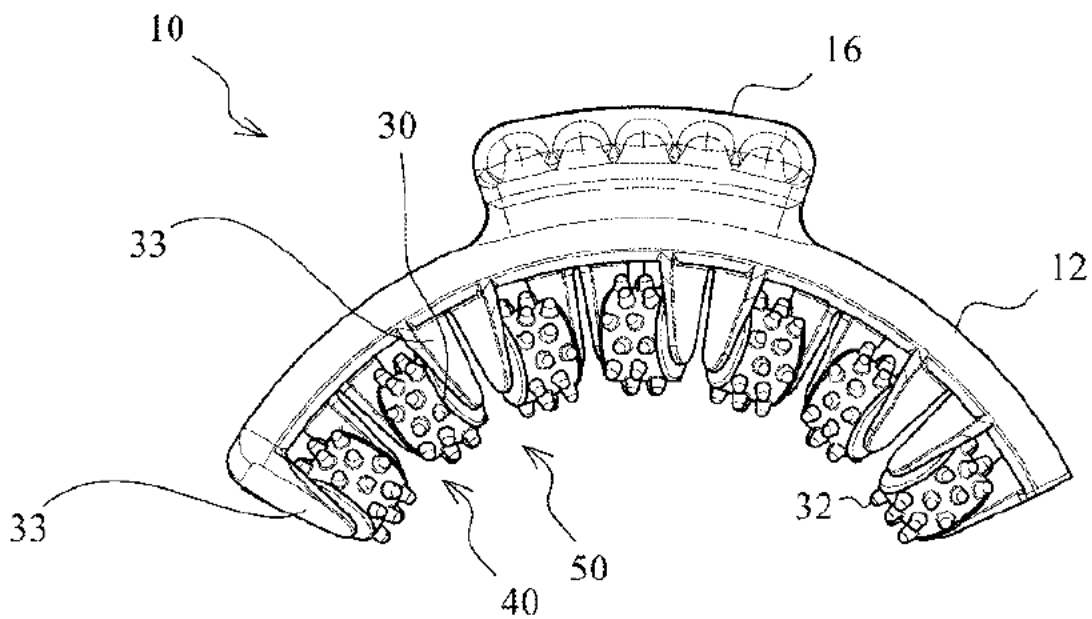


FIG 1

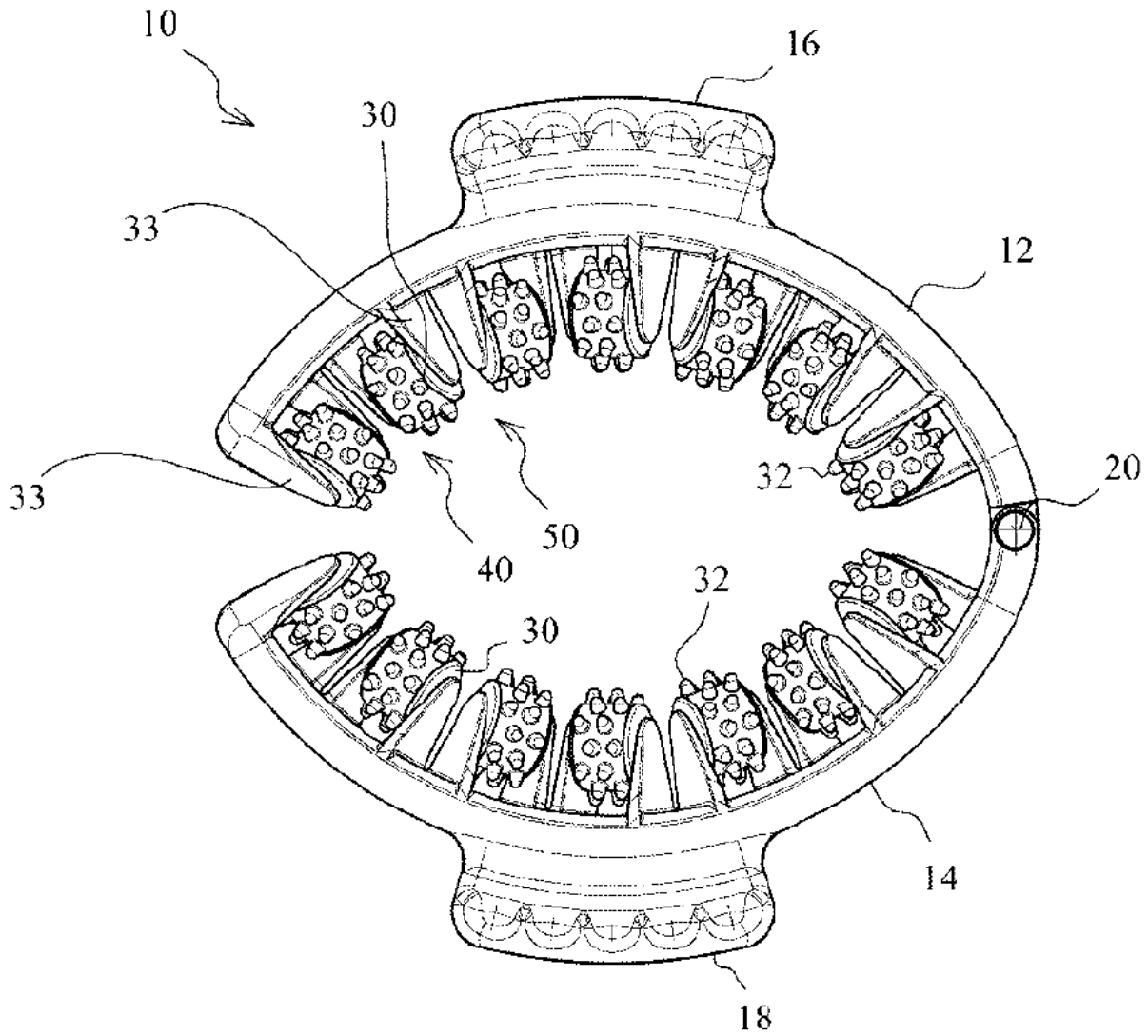


FIG 2

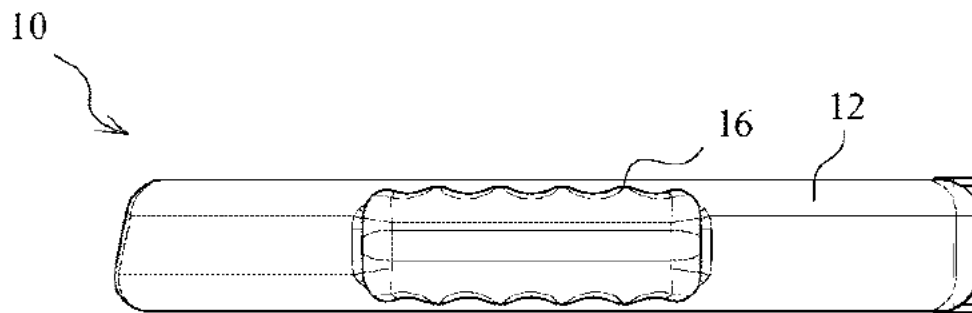


FIG 3

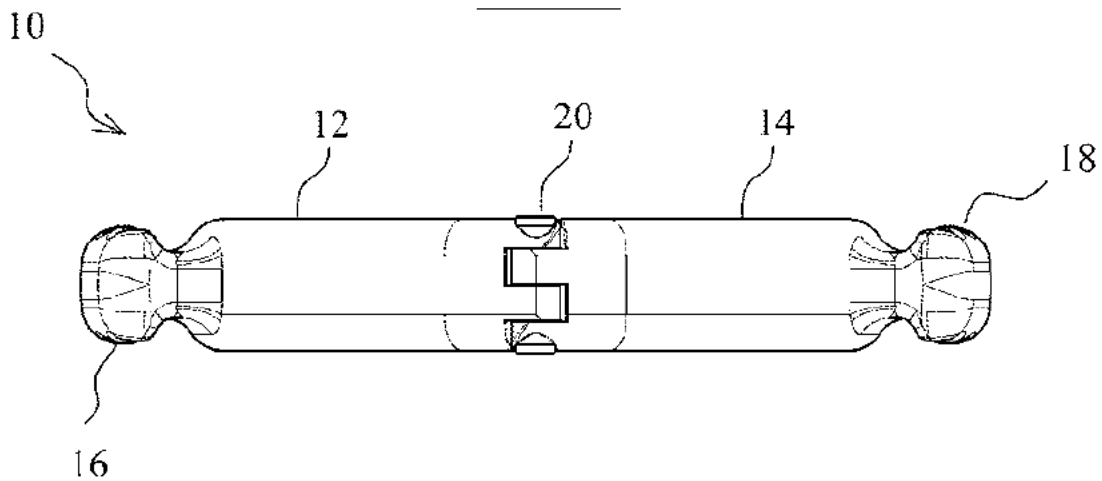


FIG 4

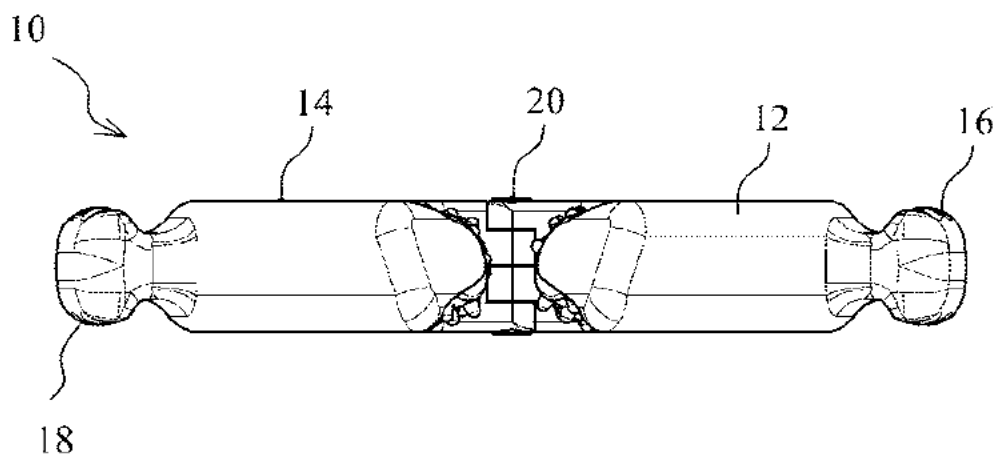


FIG 5

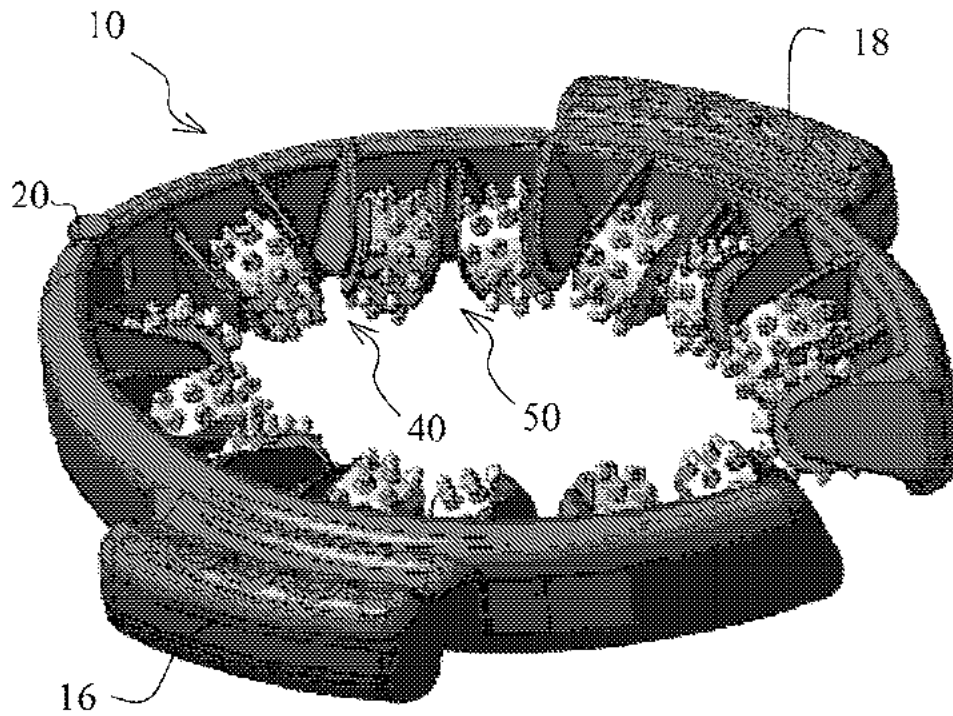


FIG 6

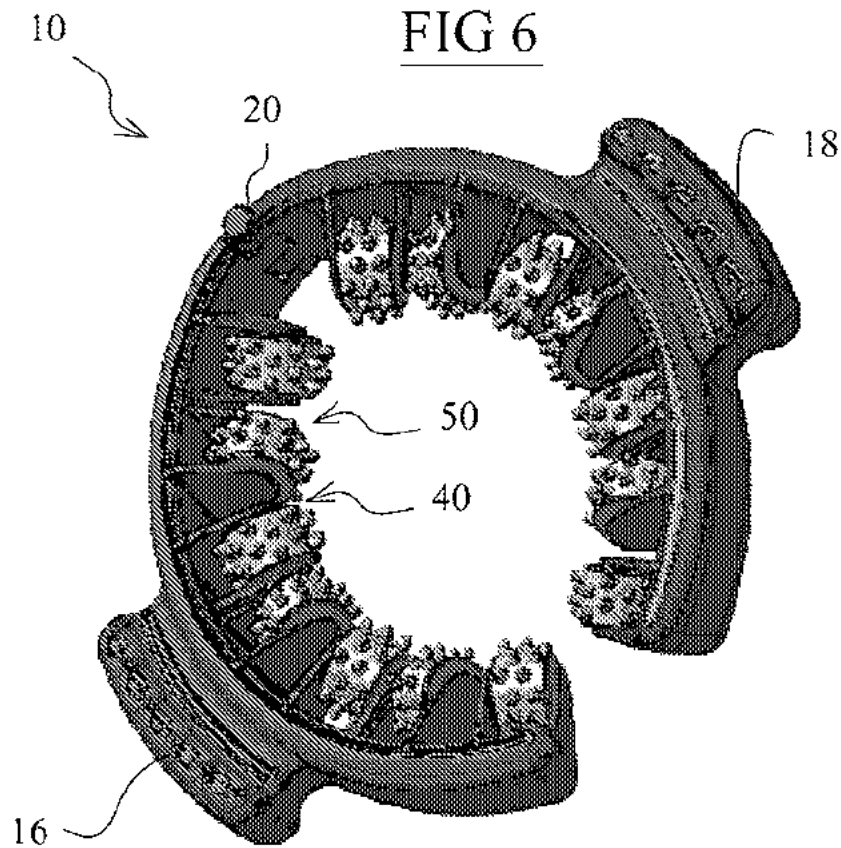


FIG 7

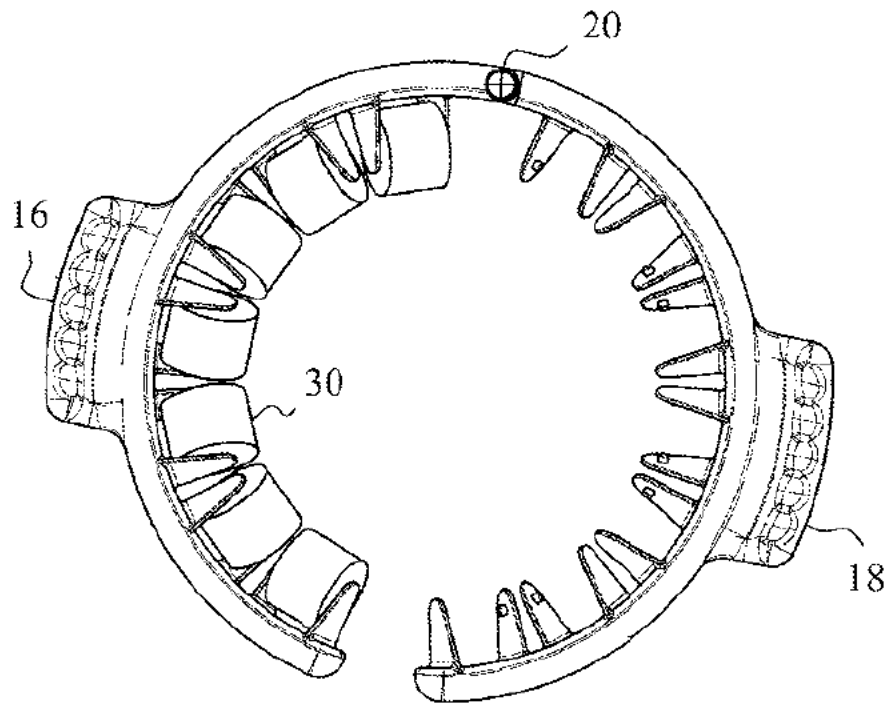


FIG. 8

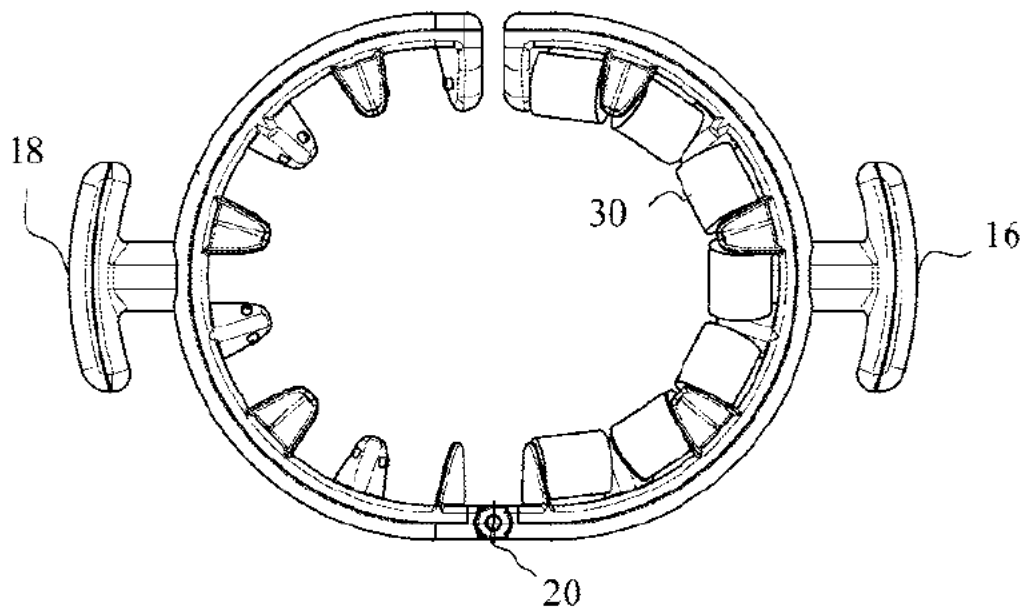


FIG. 9

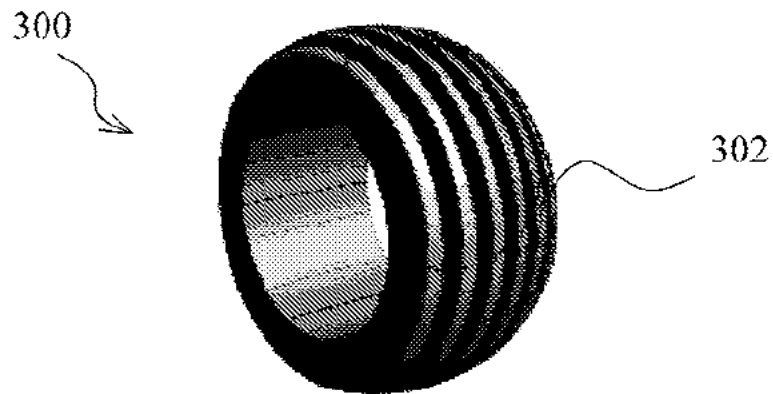


FIG 10

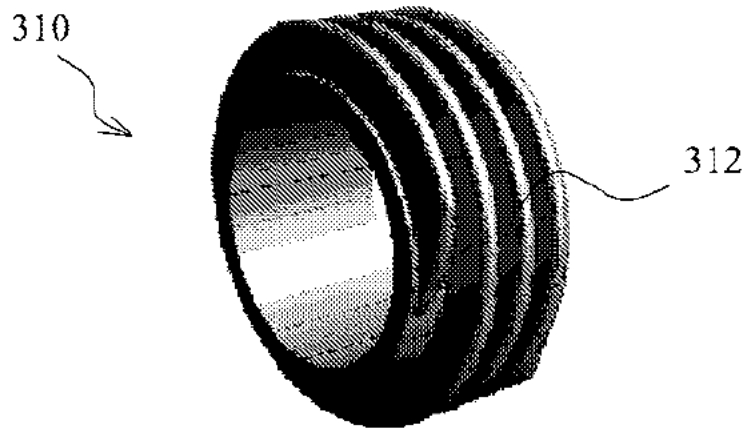


FIG 11

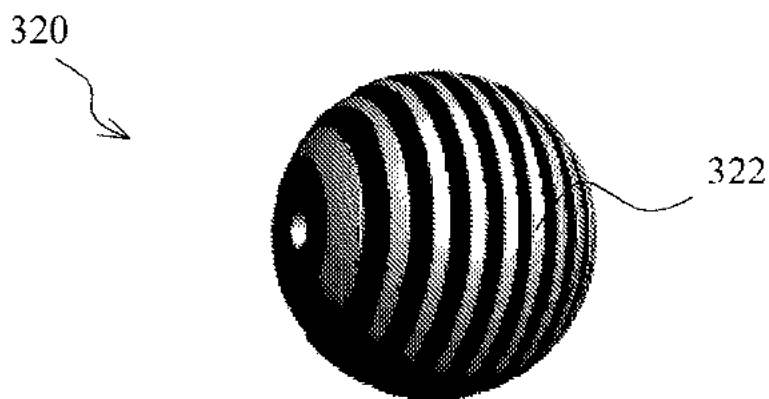


FIG 12